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ABSTRACT

This report on federal research and development (R&D) funding has been prepared to meet the need for timely updated data following release of President Reagan's 1985 budget request. These data are presented in tabular and graphic format for three areas: (1) national R&D effort (national R&D expenditures and R&D as a percent of the gross national product--GNP); (2) federal R&D funds (total R&D) obligations, R&D obligations by agency, R&D obligations by character of work, basic research by agency, applied research by agency, development by agency, defense and nondefense R&D, defense R&D, defense R&D by character of work, and nondefense R&D by character of work); and (3) federal R&D obligations to universities and colleges (total R&D obligations, R&D obligations by agency, basic research obligations, and basic research obligations by agency). Each table \(\) and graph is accompanied by a brief note highlighting the data contained therein. Since data for 1985 are based upon the President's budget request, congressional action could affect funding levels reportéd here. (JN)



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REDERAL RED FUNDING

The 1975 - 85 Decade



Report Prepared by:

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION

Directorate for Scientific, Technological, and International Affairs

Division of Science Resources Studies

March 1984

The Division of Science Resources Studies of the National Science Foundation has prepared this report on Federal R&D funding in order to meet the need for timely updated data following release of the President's 1985 budget request. Since data for 1985 are based upon the President's budget request, congressional action could affect funding levels reported here.

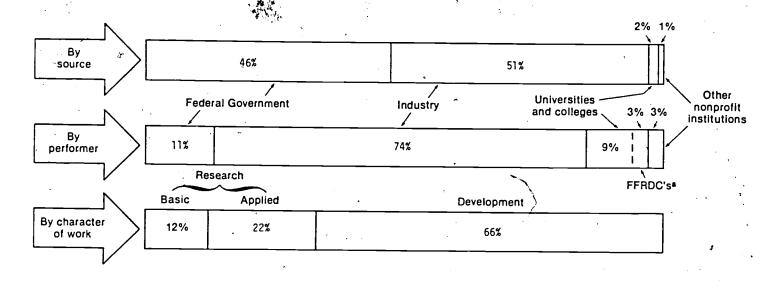
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THE NATIONAL R&D EFFORT

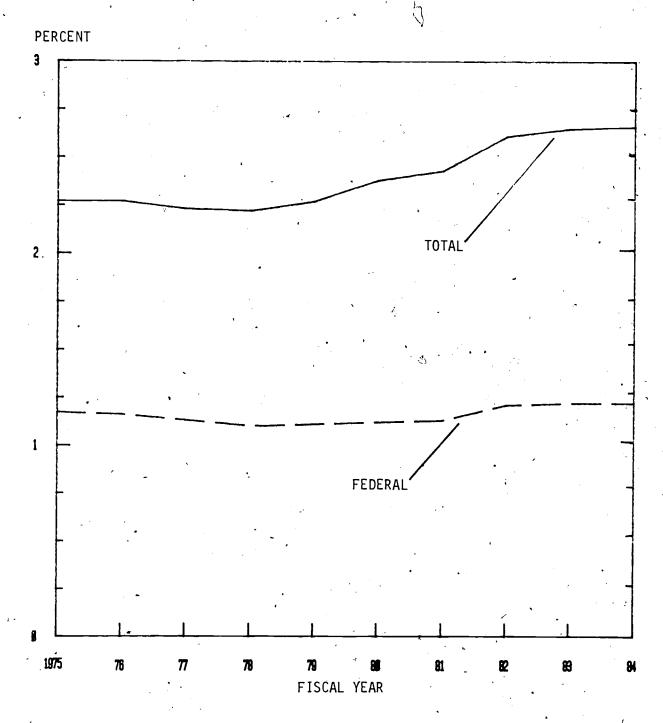


o National R&D spending is expected to amount to \$97.0 billion in 1984. Industry is expected to be the source of 51 percent of this total, up from 45 percent in 1975, while the Federal government accounts for 46 percent. Industrial R&D funding exceeded that of the Federal government for the first time in 1980.

National expenditures for performance of R&D as a percent of U.S. gross national product

Year	Total	Federal
1975	2.27	1.17
1976	2.27	1.16
1977	2.23	1.13
1978	2.22	1.10
1979	2.27	1.11
1980	2.38	1.12
1981	2.43	1.13
1982	2.61	1.21
1983	2.65	1.22
1984	2.66	1.22





o National R&D spending is expected to amount to 2.7 percent of the Nation's gross national product in 1984, up from 2.3 percent in 1975. Over this period Federal R&D spending as a percent of the GNP has remained virtually level at 1.2 percent.



Total Federal R&D obligations: FY 1975-85

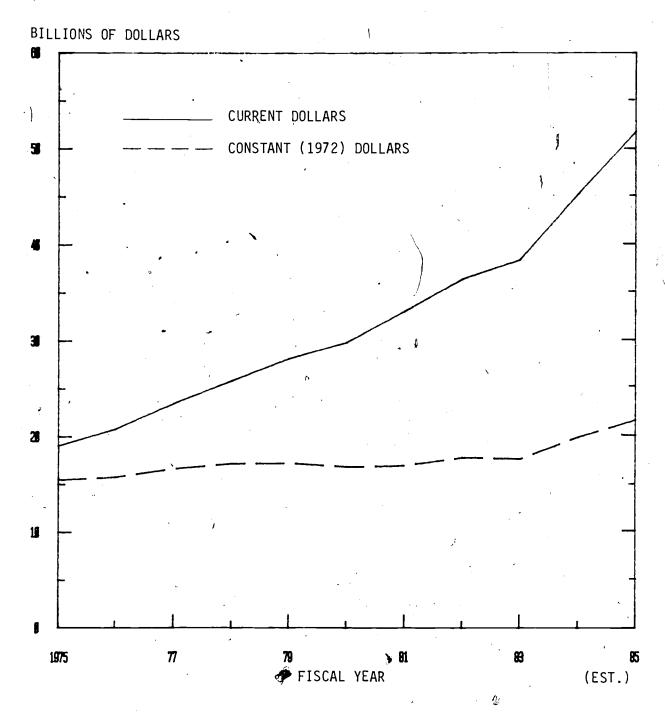
\sqrt{D} ollars in million \sqrt{S}

Fiscal Year	Current dollars	Constant (1972) dollars
1975	20,780 23,450 25,845 28,145 29,830 33,104- 36,433 38,431	\$15,441 15,754 16,655 17,196 17,214 16,796 16,976 17,798 17,645 19,938 21,737



^{1/} Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.

TOTAL FEDERAL R&D OBLIGATIONS



o In 1985, Federal R&D obligations are expected to increase by \$6.5 billion over FY 1984, or 14 percent. Over the 1975-85 decade, growth in 1985 is second only to the 18 percent increase registered between 1983 and 1984. In constant dollar terms, the 1985 increase of 9 percent continues a growth pattern started in 1984 after flat R&D budgets during the previous eight years.

Source: División of Science Resources Studies, NSF



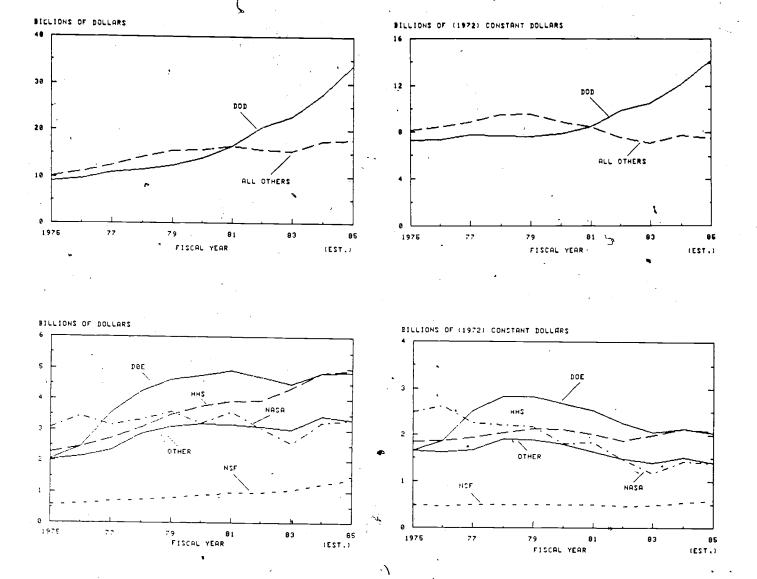
Current dollars `

Fiscal year	Total	DOD	DOE	ннѕ <u>1</u> /	NASA	NSF	All other	
1975	\$19,039	\$ 9,012	\$2,047	\$2,281	\$3,064	\$595	\$2,040	Ь
1976	20,780	9,655	2,464	2,461	3,447	609	2,144	
1977	23,450	10,963	3,536	2,726	3,171	697	2,357	
1978	25,845	11,554	4,245	3,083	3,333	749	2,881	
1979	28,145	12,506	4,639	3,505	3,578	808	3,109	
1980	29,830	13,981	4,754	3,780	3,234	882	3,199	
1981	33,104	16,509	4,918	3,927	3,593	962	3,194	
1982	36,433	20,623	4,708	3,941	3,078	975	3,108	
1983	38,431	22,925	4,491	4,348	2,570	1,062	3,035	
1984 (est.)	45,280	27,636	4,845	4,859	3,257	1,239	3,444	
1985 (est.)	51,777	33,852	4,886	4,950	3,341	1,408	3,340	
		, Co	nstant (1	972) dolla	ars <u>2</u> /	, ,	•	
1975	\$ 15,441	\$ 7,309	\$ 1,660	\$ 1,850	\$ 2,485	\$ 483	\$ 1,655	•
1976	15,754	7,320	1,868	1,866	2,613	462	1,625	
1977	16,655	7,786	2,511	1,936	2,252	495	1,674	
1978	17,196	7,687	2,824	2,051	2,218	498	1,917	
1979	17,214	7,649	2,837	2,144	2,188	494	1,902	
1980	16,796	7,872	2,677	2,128	1,821	497	1,801	
1981	16,976	8,466	2,522	2,014	1,843	493	1,638	
1982	17,449	9,877	2,255	1,887	1,474	467	1,489	
1983	17,645	10,526	2,062	1,996	1,180	488	1,393	
1984 (est.).	19,938	12,169	2,133	2,140	1,434	546	1,517	
1985 (est.).	21,737	14,212	2,051	2,078	1,403	591	1,402	

¹/ Prior to 1979 HEW data were used minus data for the Office of Education, National Institute of Education, and Assistant Secretary for Education (HEW). 2/ Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.



FEDERAL R&D OBLIGATIONS BY LEADING SUPPORT AGENCY



o The Department of Defense, with an estimated 22 percent increase in 1985 R&D obligations, advances more than any other agency, followed by NSF with growth of 14 percent. Over the 1975-85 decade most of the growth experienced by DOD has occurred in the latter half.

Source: Division of Science Resources Studies, NSF



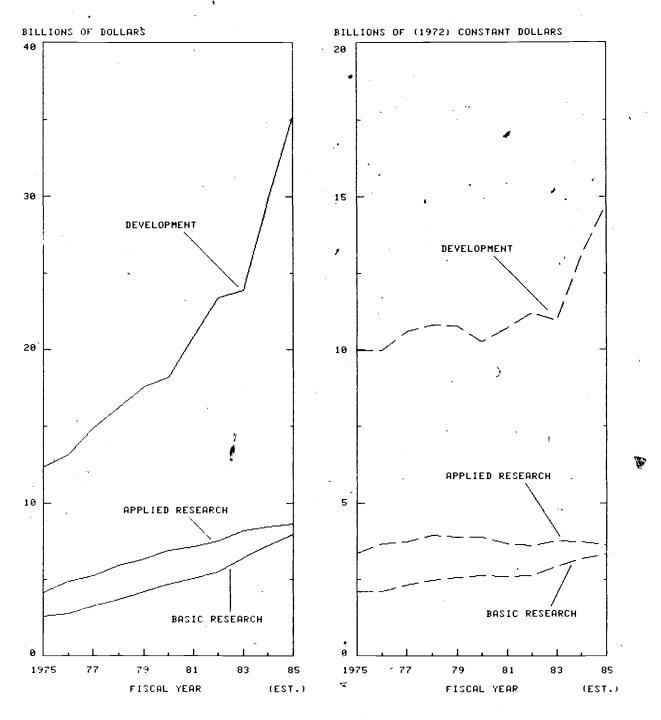
Federal R&D obligations by character of work: FY 1975-85

/Dollars in millions/

	Character of work 1975 y	. 1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984(est)	1985(est)
				Curren	t dollars		178		•		*
	R&D total\$19,039	\$20,780	\$23,450	\$25,845	\$28,145	\$29,830	\$33,104	\$36,433	\$38,431	\$45,280	\$51,777
	Basic research 2,588 Applied research 4,141 Development 12,309	2,767 4,852 13,160	3,259 5,255 14,936	3,699 5,908 16,238	4,193 6,342 17,610	4,674 6,923 18,233	5,041 7,171 20,891	5,482 7,541 23,410	6,383 8,169 23,879	7,193 8,452 29,636	7,925 8,641 3 5 ,210
œ				Constant (1972) dollar:	<u>s</u> 1/					
	R&D total\$15,441	\$15,754	\$16,655	\$17,196	\$17,214	\$16,796	\$16,976	\$17,449	\$17,645	\$19,938	\$21,737
	Basic research 2,099 Applied research 3,359 Development 9,983	2,098 3,678 9,978	2,314 3,733 10,608	2,461 3,931 10,804	2,564 3,879 10,771	2,632 3,898 10,266	2,585 3,678 10,713	2,625 3,612 11,212	2,931 3,751 10,964	3,167 3,722 13,050	3,327 3,628 14,782

 $\frac{1}{4}$. Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for fiscal year 1984 and $\frac{1}{4}$. 9 percent for fiscal year 1985.

FEDERAL R&D OBLIGATIONS BY CHARACTER OF WORK



o The 1985 budget continues past trends in that highest growth rates (19%) are shown for development followed by basic research (10%) and applied research (2%). After having remained essentially level in constant dollar terms, development support has increased sharply over the last two years (16% per year). However, applied research funding has remained level over the whole 1975-85 decade. Basic research support has grown steadily with more acceleration during the 1982-85 period.

14



Federal obligations for basic research by leading support agency: FY 1975-85/Dollars in millions/

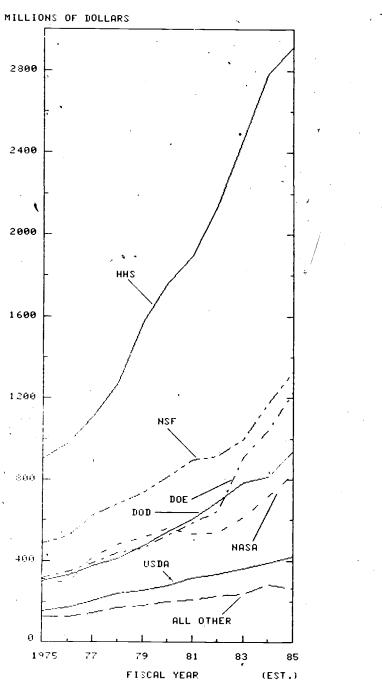
Current dollars

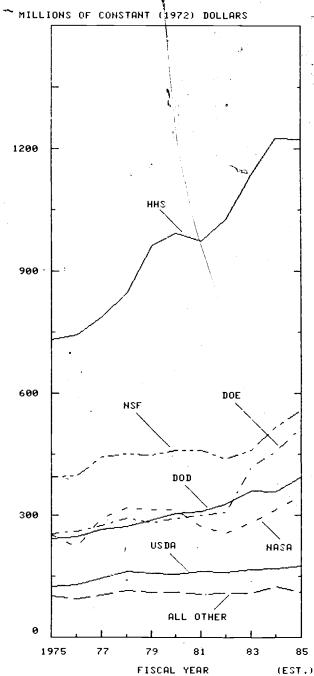
					¥	<i>-</i>		
Fiscal year	Total	ннѕ1/	NSF	DOE	D OD	NASA	USDA	All other
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 (est. 1985 (est.	2,767 3,259 3,699 4,193 4,674 5,041 5,482 6,383). 7,193	\$ 902 981 1,108 1,274 1,576 1,763 1,900 2,145 2,473 2,783 2,914	\$ 486 524 625 678 733 815 897 916 1,000 1,173 1,330	\$ 313 346 389 441 463 523 586 642 912 1,039 1,230	\$ 300 327 373 410 472 540 604 687 784 815	\$ 309 293 414 480 513 559 531 536 615 714 828	\$ 154 171 204 243 256 276 314 331 362 387 420	\$ 124 125 146 173 180 198 209 225 237 282 264
			Constant ((1 972) 3 011	ars <u>2</u> /		F	
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 (est. 1985 (est.	2,098 2,314 2,461 2,564 2,632 2,585 2,625 2,931 3,167	\$ 732 744 787 848 964 993 974 1,027 1,135 1,225	\$ 394 397 444 451 448 459 460 439 459 517 558	\$ 254 262 276 293 283 294 301 307 419 458 516	\$ 243 248 265 273 289 304 310 329 360 359 394	\$ 251 222 294 319 314 315 272 257 282 314 348	\$ 125 130 145 162 157 155 161 159 166 170 176	\$ 101 95 104 115 110 111 107 108 109 124 111

¹/ Prior to 1979 HEW data were used minus data for the Office of Education, National Institute of Education, and Assistant Secretary for Education (HEW). 2/ Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.



FEDERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR BASIC RESEARCH, BY LEADING SUPPORT AGENCY





o The leading supporter of basic research continues to be HHS which is, however, slowing down in 1985 after significant increases since 1975. All other agencies show constant dollar increases for 1985, continuing a pattern that started in 1983. DOE support for basic research shows the largest relative gain of the leading agencies--18 percent--mostly for research in high energy and nuclear physics and basic energy sciences.



Federal obligations for applied research, by leading support agency: FY 1975-85 /Dollars in millions/

Current dollar Fiscal A11 ннѕ<u>1</u>/ year Tota1 DOD D₀E NASA USDA others 1975\$4,141.3 \$1,130.9 \$1,021.1 \$ 280.7 \$ 625.8 · \$ 247.8 835.0 1976 4,851.9 1,200.6 1,164.6 400.7 929.6 270.9 885.5 1977 5,255.5 1,342.6 1,294.8 501.8 792./3 319.6 1,004.4 1978 5,908.2 1,413.6 1,448.4 661.7 865.4 351.8 1,167.3 1979 6,342.3 1,439.7 1,542.6 668.9 938.4 375.5 1,377.2 1980 6,923.2 1,721.4 1,570.1 754.2 1,050.5 381.8 1,445.2 1981 7,171.5 1,996.6 1,591.9 827.3 876.0 426.9 1,452.8 1982 7,540.6 2,266.1 1,460.9 1,053.9 871.4 435.7 1,452.6 1983 8,169.2 2,407.4 1,547.3 1,459.0 904.0 453.3 1,398.2 1984 (est.) . 8,452.1 2,150.1 1,716.5 1,546.0 1,070.7 454.7 1,514.1 1985 (est.) . 8,641.0 2,372.5 1,688.0 1,632.0 1,102.8 449.5 1,396.2 Constant (1972) dollars $\frac{2}{}$ 1975\$3,358.7 \$ 917.2 \$ 828.1 \$ 227.7 \$ 507.5 \$ 677.2 \$ 201.0 $1976 \dots 3,678.5$ 910.2 882.9 303.8 704.8 205.4 671.3 3,732.6 1977 953.6 919.6 356.4 562.7 227.0 713.4 234.1 1978 3,930.9 940.5 963.7 440.3 575.8 776.6 1979 3,879.1 943.5 880.6 409.1 573.9 229.7 842.3 1980 3,898.2 969.3 884.1 424.7 591.5 215.0 813.7 1981 3,677.7 1,023.9 816.4 424.3 449.2 218.9 745.0 1982 3,611.4 1,085.3 699.7 504.7 417.3 208.7 695.7 1,105.3 1983 3,750.8 710.4 669.9 415.1 208.1 642.0 1984 (est.) . 3,721.8 946.8 755.8 680.8 471.5 200.2 666.7

708.6

685.1

463.0

188.7

586.1

Source: Division of Science Resources Studies/STIA

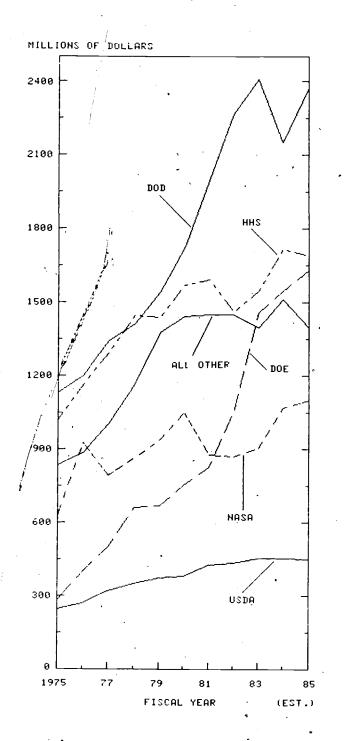
996.0

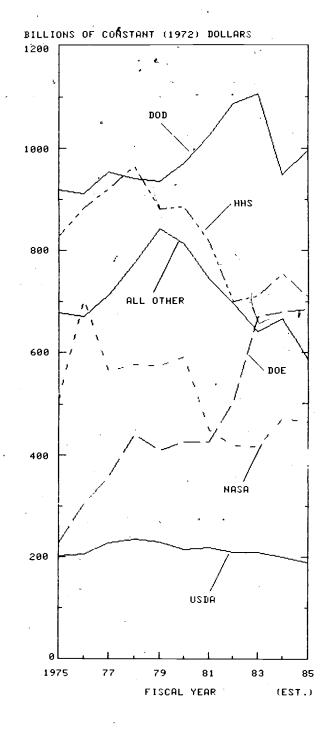
1985 (est.) . 3,627.6



^{1/} Prior to 1979 HEW data were used minus data for the Office of Education, National Institute of Education, and Assistant Secretary for Education (HEW). 2/ Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.

FEDERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR APPLIED RESEARCH, BY LEADING SUPPORT AGENCY





o 1985 applied research obligations for almost all agencies slowed down from rates of growth experienced in previous years. The only exception is DOD, which experienced a dip in 1984 due to the onset of a new development program dealing with the experimental evaluation of major innovative technologies. This activity replaced certain applied research programs.



/Dollars in millions/

Current dollars

	· ·		1				
	Fiscal * year	Total	DOD	DOE	NASA	All	
	year	IUCAI	טטט	DOE	NASA	other	
	<u> </u>						
	1975	\$12,309	\$ 7 , 581	* \$1, 454	\$ 2,129	\$ 1,145	
	1976	13,160	8 ,1 27	1,717	2,224	1,092	
	1977	14,936	9,248	2,645	1,965	1,078	
	1978	16,238 ,	9,730°	3,143	1,988	1,377	
	1979	17,610		J 3,507	2,127	1,484	
	1980	18,233	11,/19	<i>y</i> 3,476	1,624	1,414	
	1981	20,891	13,908	3,5 05	2,186	1,292	
	1982	23,410	17,670	3,012	1,671	1,057	
	49 83	23,879	19,734	2,120	1,051	974	
	1984 (est.).		24,670	2,260	1,472	1,234	
	1985 (est.).	35,210	30,541	2,024	1,411	1,234	
		•	Cons	tant (1972) d	ollars <u>1</u> /		
	·	•		,			
	1975	\$ 9 ,9 8 3	\$ 6,14 8	\$1, 179	\$1,727	\$ 929	
_	1976	9,978	6,161	1,302	1,686	828	
	1977	10,608	6 ,5 68	1,879	1,396	766	.
	1978	10,804	6,474	2,091	1,323	916	•
	1979	10,771	6,417	2,145	1,301	908	
	1980	10,266	6, 599	1,957	914	796	
	1981	10,713	7,132	1,797	1,121	663	
	1982	11,212	8,463	1,443	800	506	
	1983	10,964	9,061	· 973	483	447	
	1984 (est.).	13 , 05 0	10,863	995	_ 648	543	
	4005 / 11	14 700	40 000	0.50		E10	

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.

12,822

Source: Division of Science Resources Studies/STIA

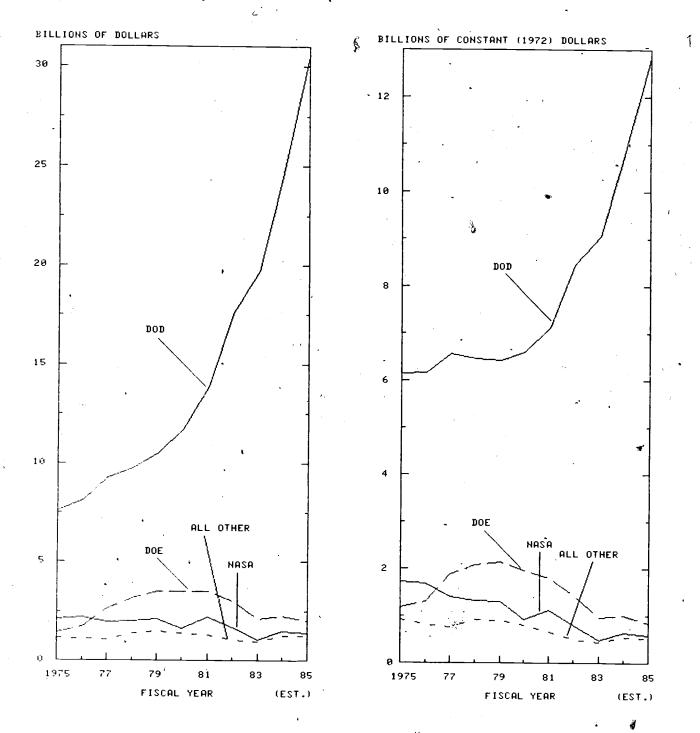
1985 (est.). 14,782

850

592



FEDERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR DEVELOPMENT, BY LEADING SUPPORT AGENCY



o DOD, the leading supplier of Federal development funds, has more than quadrupled its support over the last decade. Most of the growth has taken place in the latter half of the period where current dollar funding has advanced at an average annual rate of 21 percent from 1980-85.

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Source: Division of Science Resources Studies, NSF



Federal RLD budget authority for defense and nondefense activities: FY 1975-85

/Dollars in millions/

Fiscal	Defe	ense	Nondefense			
year	Current dollars	constant (1972) dollars 1/	Current dollars	constant (1972) dollars		
• •	•	•	•	<i>y</i>		
1975	\$ 9 , 679	\$ 7,850	\$ 9,360	\$ 7,591		
1976	10,430	7,908	10,350	7,847		
1977	11,864	8,426	11,587	8,229		
1978	12,899	8,582	13,077	8,701		
1979	13,791	8,435	14,417	8,818		
1980	14,946	8,416	14,826	8,348		
× 1981	18,413	9,443	15,322	7,857		
1982	22,070	10,570	14,045	6 , 727		
1983	24,936	11,449	13,832	6,351		
1984	29,275	12,891	15,090	•		
1985	36,975	15,523	15,685	6,645 6,585		

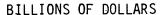
 $\frac{1}{4}$ Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of $\frac{1}{4}$.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.

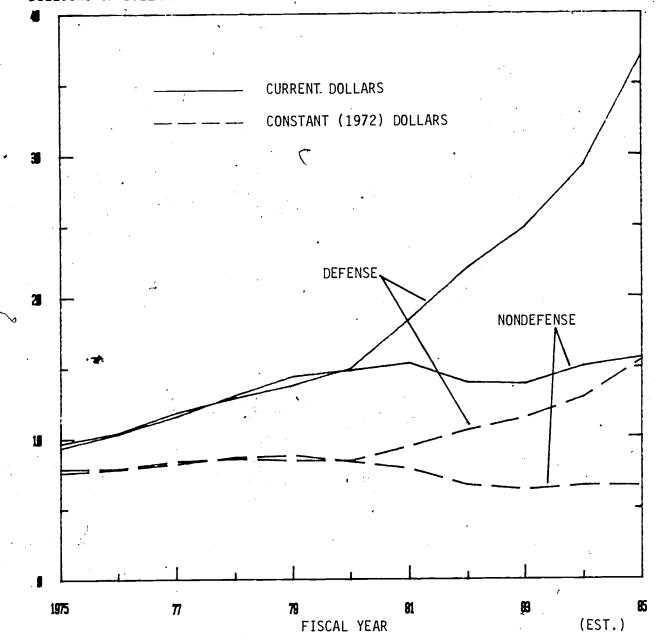
NOTE: Data presented here differ from figures which appear elsewhere in this report primarily because they are in terms of budget authority and not obligations.

Source: Division of Science Resources Studies/STIA



FEDERAL R&D BUDGET AUTHORITY FOR DEFENSE AND NONDEFENSE ACTIVITIES





o Since 1981, R&D funds for defense-related activities have more than doubled. Defense receives substantial support since it is the principal area in which the Federal government is the ultimate user of the products of its R&D efforts.



Federal R&D budget authority for defense activities by character of work: FY 1975-85

∠Dollars in millions7

Current dollars

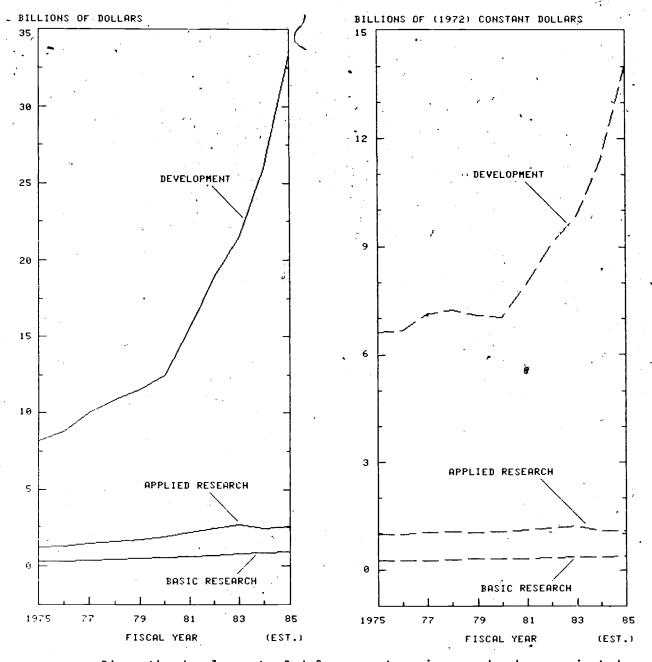
Fiscal year	Basic	Applied	Development
1975	\$ 300	\$1,226	\$ 8,153
	326	1,308	8,796
	373	1,466	10,025
	426	1,594	10,880
	481	1,718	11,593
	552	1,890	12,504
	610	2,198	15,605
	696	2,439	18,935
	788	2,686	21,461
	841	2,465	25,969
	934	2,603	33,437
	Constant (19	72) dollars 1/	•
1975	243	994	6,612
	247	992	6,669
	265	1,041	7,120
	283	1,061	7,239
	294	1,051	7,091
	311	1,064	7,041
	313	1,127	8,003
	333	1,168	9,068
	362	1,233	9,854
	370	1,085	11,435
	392	1,093	14,037

^{1/} Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.

NOTE: Data presented here differ from figures which appear elsewhere in this report primarily because they are in terms of budget authority and not obligations. In addition, since budget function data are not collected by character of work, these components are estimated, based on agency character of work data.



FEDERAL R&D BUDGET AUTHORITY FOR DEFENSE ACTIVITIES BY CHARACTER OF WORK



o Since the development of defense systems is very hardware oriented, it is by far the largest component of defense R&D activities, accounting for 90 percent of the total in 1985. It has also grown more rapidly than basic or applied research, particularly during the latter half of the 1975-85 decade.



Federal R&D budget authority for nondefense activities by character of work: FY 1975-85

/Dollars in millions/

Current dollars

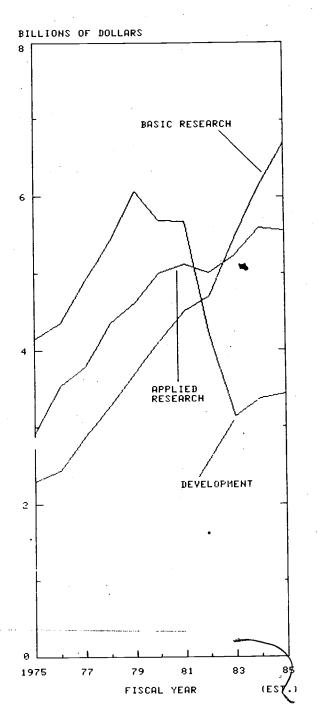
Fiscal			
year	Basic	Applied Applied	Development
*			
_ <u> </u>			
1975	, , -	\$2 , 9 1 5	\$ 4,1 56
1976	2,441	3,544	4,365
1977	2,886	3 ,7 90	4,911
1978	3,289	4,355	5,434
1979	3,722	4,629	6,066
1980	4,122	5,017	5,687
1981	4,518	5,122	5,681
1982	4,721	5,037	4,287
1983	5,459	5,232	3 ,14 2
1984	6,132	5,586	3 , 372
1985	6 ,69 5	5,554	3,437
•			
	6	1072) 3.11 1/	•
	Constant (1972) dollars <u>-</u> /	,
			•
1975	\$1,856	\$2,364	\$3,371
1976	1,851	2,687	3,309
1977	2,050	2,692	3,488
1978	2,188	2,898	3,6 1 5
1979	2,276	2,831	3 ,71 0
1980	2,321	2,825	3,202
1981	2,317	2,627	2,913
1982	2,261	2,413	2,053
1983	2,506	2,402	1,443
1984	2,700	2,460	1,485
1985	2,811	2,332	1,443
3		- ,	

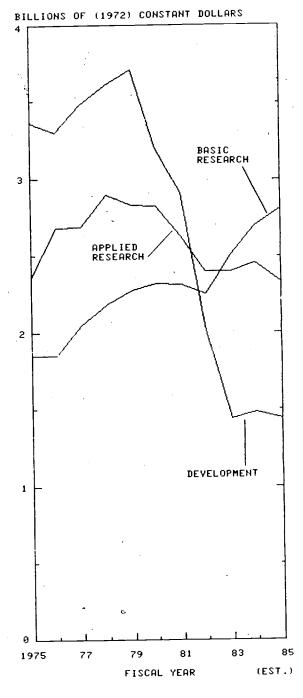
1/ Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.

NOTE: Data presented here differ from figures which appear elsewhere in this report primarily because they are in terms of budget authority and not obligations. In addition, since budget function data are not collected by character of work, these components are estimated, based on agency character of work data.



FEDERAL R&D BUDGET AUTHORITY FOR NONDEFENSE ACTIVITIES BY CHARACTER OF WORK





o Nondefense basic research, supported by the Federal government principally to produce a knowledge base to provide for the Nation's long-term welfare, has grown dramatically since 1975. The 1985 level is nearly triple that of 1975. For the first time in 1983, but also in subsequent years, nondefense based research funding exceeds that for the other nondefense R&D components.



Federal R&D obligations to universities and colleges: FY 1975-85

<u>√</u>Dollars in million<u>s</u> /

Fiscal Year	Current dollars	Constant (1972) dollars ¹
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 (est.) 1985 (est.)	\$ 2,411 2,552 2,905 3,375 3,889 4,263 4,466 4,605 5,054 5,695 5,984	\$ 1,955 1,935 2,063 2,246 2,379 2,400 2,290 2,205 2,320 2,508 2,512

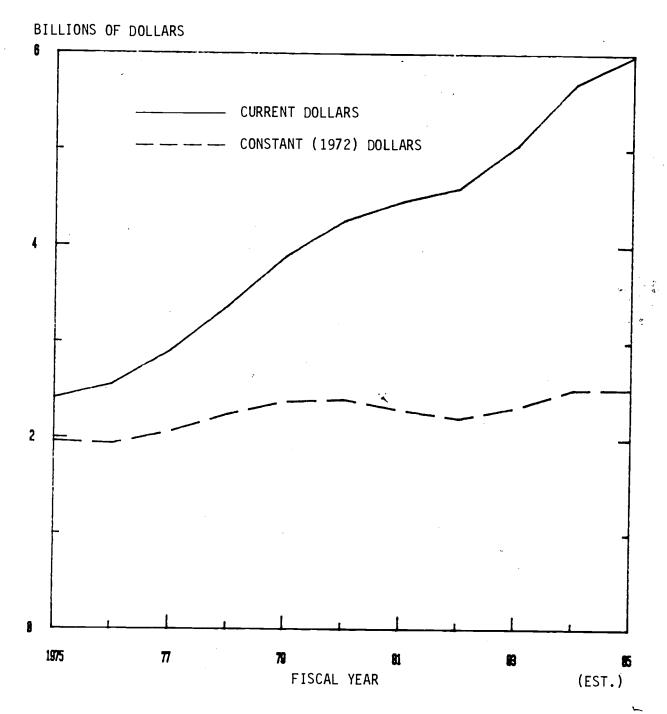
Source: Division of Science Resources Studies, STIA

Note: Only R&D data for university and college performers are provided to OMB in conjunction with the agencies' overall budget submissions, therefore data on basic research at universities and colleges which appear in subsequent tables are estimated.



^{1/} Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.

FEDERAL R&D OBLIGATIONS TO UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES



o Federal R&D obligations to universities and colleges have grown steadily in recent years with an average annual growth of approximately 9 percent since 1982, nearly equal to the growth rate recorded between 1975 and 1982. In constant dollars, 1985 remains essentially level at the peak set the previous year.



Federal R&D obligations to universities and colleges by major support agency: FY 1975-85 /Dollars in millions/

Current dollars

Fiscal	~	1/			. '			All
year	Total	HHS <u>1</u> /	NSF	DOD	DOE	USDA	NASA	other '
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 (est.) 1985 (est.)	\$2,411 2,552 2,905 3,375 3,889 4,263 4,466 4,605 5,054 5,695 5,984	\$1,254 1,326 1,476 1,664 1,942 2,076 2,185 2,176 2,448 2,757 2,820	\$ 435 437 511 537 617 685 702 715 787 931 1,068	\$ 203 240 273 383 438 495 573 664 778 890 992	\$ 132 145 188 240 260 285 301 277 307 324 345	\$ 108 120 140 186 200 216 243 255 274 281 299	\$ 108 119 117 127 138 158 172 186 189 210 235	\$ 171 165 200 238 294 348 290 332 271 302 225
			Constan	t (1972)	dollars <u>2</u> /			
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 (est.) 1985 (est.)	\$1,955 1,935 2,063 2,246 2,379 2,400 2,290 2,205 2,320 2,508 2,512	\$1,017 1,005 1,048 1,107 1,188 1,169 1,121 1,042 1,124 1,214 1,184	\$ 353 331 363 357 377 386 360 342 361 410 448	\$ 165 182 194 255 268 279 294 318 357 392 416	\$ 107 110 134 160 159 160 154 133 141 143	\$ 87 91 99 124 122 122 125 125 126 126 126	\$ 87 90 83 84 84 89 88 89 87 92	\$ 139 125 142 158 180 196 149 159 124 133 94

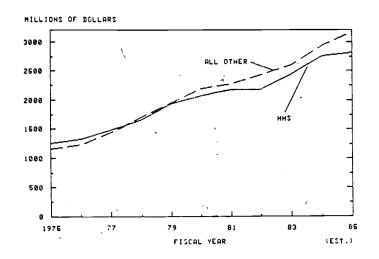
^{1/} Prior to 1979 HEW data were used minus data for the Office of Education, National Institute of Education, and Assistant Secretary for Education (HEW).
2/ Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.

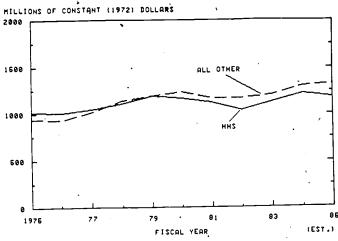
Source: Division of Science Resources Studies/STIA

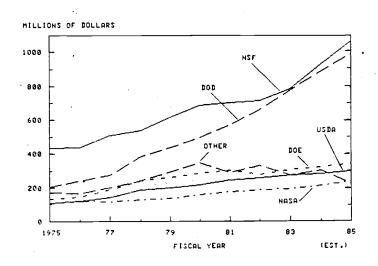
Note: Only R&D data for university and college performers are provided to OMB in conjuction with the agencies' overall budget submissions, therefore data on basic research at universities and colleges which appear in subsequent tables are estimated.

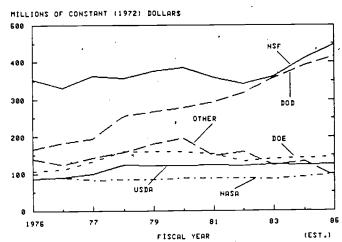


FEDERAL R&D OBLIGATIONS TO UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES, BY LEADING SUPPORT AGENCY









o HHS continues to provide the most support for R&D to universities and colleges, but NSF and DOD show higher growth rates. The latter two agencies have increased their R&D funds to academia by nearly 50 percent since 1982. Over the last decade, constant dollar support by DOD almost tripled, while NSF and HHS funds increased one quarter and 16 percent, respectively.



Federal obligations for basic research to universities and colleges $\underline{/\overline{D}ollars} \ \ \text{in millions} \overline{/}$

Current dollars	Constant (1972) dollars $\frac{1}{2}$
\$ 1,261	\$ 1,023
1,342	1,017
1,555	1,104
1,759	1,170
2,080	1,272
2,320	1,306
2,503	1,284
2,727	1,306
3,052	1,401
3,560	1,568
3,830	1,608
3,931	1,650
	\$ 1,261 1,342 1,555 1,759 2,080 2,320 2,503 2,727 3,052 3,560 3,830

NOTE: Data for 1983-85 are estimates based on information provided to OMB in conjunction with the President's 1985 budget.

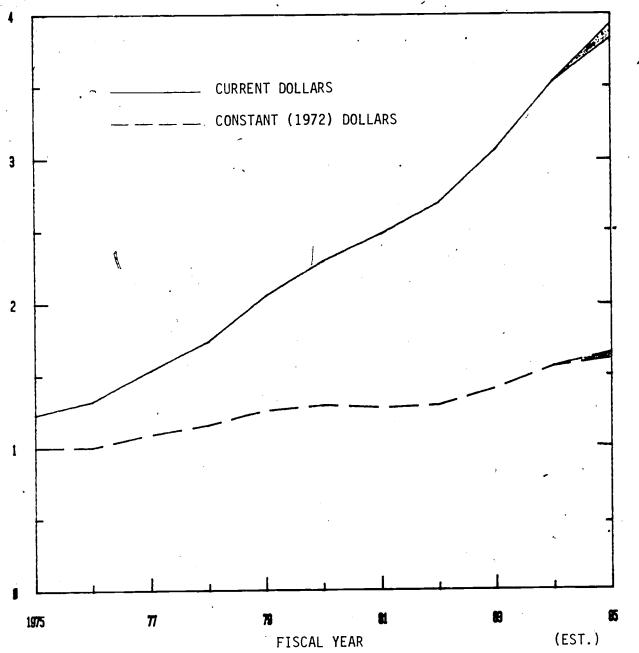


^{1/} Based on the GNP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.

^{2/} Data for 1985 reflect possible range of funding levels based on historical variations in agencies' relative share of basic research funds to academia as a fraction of their R&D support to academia.

FEDERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR BASIC RESEARCH TO UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES





DATA FOR 1985 REFLECT NSF-ESTIMATES OF THE POSSIBLE RANGE OF FUNDING LEVELS.

o Obligations for basic research at universities and colleges are expected to show continued growth in 1985 (8-10 percent), following a substantial increase in the previous year. Since 1981, Federal basic research funds to academia have grown approximately 55 percent.



Federal obligations for basic research to universities and colleges by agency: FY 1975-85 $/\overline{\text{Dollars in millions}/}$

Current dollars

-							•
Fiscal / year	Total	ннS <u>1</u> /	NSF	dod	Energy	N ASA	All other
1975	1,342 1,555 1,759 2,080 2,320 2,503 2,727 3,052 3,560 3,830	\$580 634 719 817 1,021 1,121 1,206 1,345 1,527 1,742 1,796 1,889	\$379 392 475 502 574 643 668 674 740 897 1,021 1,025	\$105 112 142 168 179 208 244 305 354 428 474	\$ 58 68 71 86 97 116 134 135 176 201 241 231	\$64 67 72 88 97 113 124 126 124 139 152 153	\$75 69 76 98 112 119 127 142 131 153 146 146
**************************************		. (Constant (1972) dol	lars ^{3/}		•
1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1983 1984 (est.) 1985 (est.) 2	1,170 1,272 1,306 1,284 1,306 1,401 1,568	470 481 511 544 624 631 618 644 701 767 754	307 297 337 334 351 362 343 323 340 395 429 430	85 85 101 112 109 117 125 146 163 188 199 204	47 52 50 57 59 65 69 65 81 89 101 97	52 51 59 59 64 64 60 57 61 64	61 52 54 65 69 67 68 60 67 61

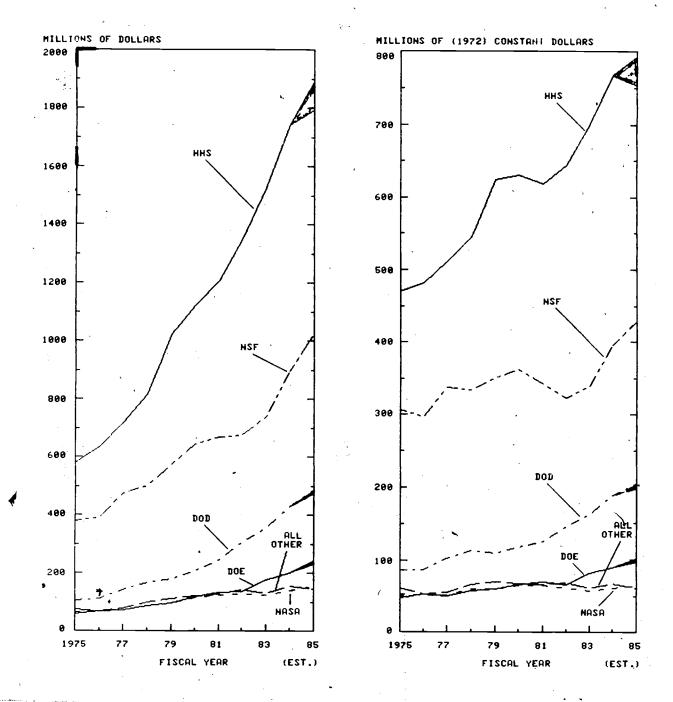
1/ Prior to 1979 HEW data were used minus data for the Office of Education, National Institute of Education, and Assistant Secretary for Education (HEW). 2/ Data for 1985 reflect possible range of funding levels based on historical variations in agencies relative share of basic research funds to academia as a fraction of their R&D support to academia.

3/ Based on the GMP implicit price deflator for fiscal years 1975-83 with estimates for inflation of 4.4 percent for 1984 and 4.9 percent for 1985.

NOTE: Data for 1983-85 are estimates based on information provided to OMB in conjunction with the President's 1985 budget.



FEDERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR BASIC RESEARCH TO UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES, BY LEADING SUPPORT AGENCY



DATA FOR 1985 REFLECT HSF ESTIMATES OF THE POSSIBLE RANGE OF FUNDING LEVELS.

o HHS, the leading supplier of Federal funds for basic research to universities and colleges is expected to continue its pattern of increased support (3 to 8 percent) to this sector in 1985, although at a rate somewhat slower than the 14 percent growth shown in 1984. NSF, the next largest basic research support agency is expected to substantially increase (14%) its funding to academia—since 1983 support by this agency has advanced an average of nearly 18 percent per year.

